**Workforce Equalities Report**

**2021 to 2024**

**Oxford City Council Workforce Equalities Report 2023-24**

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**Introduction – Message from Chief Executive**

I am pleased to outline a number of achievements since our last report, demonstrating our ongoing commitment to diversity and inclusion. We are focused on building a more inclusive culture, improving our work practices to deliver a more diverse workforce and meeting the goals set out in our Equalities Action Plan.

We have succeeded in a number of areas described below.

* To address the under-representation at senior levels of employees from minority ethnic backgrounds, employees with disabilities and women, we designed and launched a positive action management development programme to support career development. By developing talent internally and equipping individuals with the skills and confidence to progress, we will improve representation in management roles. The programme, called Aspiring Managers, is aimed at employees in the early stages of their careers.
* We have introduced Inclusive Recruitment training for hiring managers to develop the knowledge and skills to build more inclusive practices that reduce bias in the recruitment and selection process. This training is delivered online and in person to make sure it is accessible to all staff.
* We have designed and launched EDI level one training for all staff. This is delivered both online and in person. What EDI means at a personal and professional level is part of the content and it also includes case studies about intersectionality, which considers people’s overlapping identities and experiences, and how this applies in our workplace.
* We have launched two new staff networks. The REACH staff network was set up in January 2024 and is going strong. REACH stands for Race Ethnicity and Cultural Heritage. A Disability and Neurodiverse Network was set up in June 2024. Both networks were set up by staff following the success of Lunch and Learn sessions in raising awareness and demonstrating the Council’s commitment to inclusion.
* As we continue to build a more inclusive culture and foster a greater feeling of belonging, we continued the programme of Lunch and Learn events on a range of subjects and had over 900 attendees in the 12 months to March 2024.
* We are supporting two local schools to offer work experience and raise the profile of the Council as a local employer. We have delivered an interview techniques session in one school during a recruitment day. The two local schools were prioritised using their free school meals’ data and their postcode to target schools with a diverse population and children facing disadvantage.
* We are working with Oxford Brookes University and the University of Oxford to offer internships, encouraging students from diverse backgrounds to apply. We had three interns for 10 weeks. Again, this is to promote the Council as a local employer and demonstrate our commitment to inclusion.
* The annual staff engagement survey showed improvements in views on diversity, inclusion and belonging since the previous year. 94% of 668 survey respondents agreed with the statement "At the Council, I think differences are respected, irrespective of things such as ethnicity, gender, disability, age and sexual orientation". This was a 3% increase on the 2023 survey. There was also an increase in results for the question "I feel like I belong here at the Council" with 84% of participants agreeing with this statement, compared to 81% last year.
* Our People Strategy continues our ambition to put inclusion and respect at the heart of how we develop policy, practice and the behaviour that influences our culture.

**Caroline Green**

**Chief Executive**

The purpose of this report is to help the Council understand its workforce and

use the information to develop policies and measures to eliminate discrimination, and advance equality of opportunity.

**About the Data:**

**Sources of Data**

* The demographic data from the 2021 Census is used in this report.
* The Council is analysing data collected from applicants and employees over a rolling three-year period to enable greater insight into trends and to confirm the relevance of the current equality action plan and identify any new approaches.

**Who the report includes**

* The report includes all directly employed Council staff, including OX Place. Agency staff and contractors are not included, nor are Oxford Direct Services (ODS). ODS is a wholly owned company, a separate entity from Oxford City Council and not a public body. Therefore, the Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED) to report on equalities information does not apply to ODS.

**Provision of equality data**

* The Council asks job applicants and employees to provide data on certain characteristics for statistical monitoring purposes. They are informed that the data provided will only be used in an anonymised way for these purposes. The data is provided on a voluntary basis using our Human Resources Information Management System (iTrent). Employees can amend or remove their information at any time.
* All employees are required to provide data in relation to sex (as assigned at birth) for HMRC purposes and this is used for monitoring purposes in relation to gender.

**Non-reporting**

* We strongly encourage completion of non-mandatory equality data (all data except sex) and provide assurances in relation to confidentiality and use of the data. However, as provision of the data is entirely voluntary, we do not have a full picture for the whole of our workforce and integrity of the data analysis is affected.

**Presentation of data**

* For the majority of information presented in the report, percentages have been used. When information has been broken down further, data has been presented in number format due to the small numbers involved.
* Data is either for the whole years of 1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022, 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2024 or on specific dates as at 31 March in 2022 and 2023 and 2024.

**Definitions**

**Minority Ethnic**

**Groups** People declaring themselves as Asian or Asian British (Indian, Pakistani, Bangladeshi, Chinese, Any other Asian background); Black, Black British, Caribbean or African (Caribbean, African, Any other Black, Black British or Caribbean background); Mixed or multiple ethnic Groups (White and Black Caribbean, White and Black African, White and Asian, Any other mixed or multiple ethnic background); Other ethnic group - Arab, Any other ethnic Group.

**Sex** The UK Government defines sex as the biological aspects of an individual as determined by their anatomy, which is produced by their chromosomes, hormones and their interactions; something that is assigned to an individual at birth and is generally female or male.

For HMRC purposes all staff are recorded as either male or female. Where this report refers to gender in respect of employees it usually categorises according to this.

**Gender** The UK Government defines gender as a social construction relating to behaviours and attributes based on labels of masculinity and femininity: gender identity is a personal, internal perception of oneself and so the gender category someone identifies with may not match the sex they were assigned at birth.

Individuals may see themselves as a man, woman, as having no gender, or as having a non-binary gender – where they identify as somewhere on a spectrum between a man and a woman.

Our job application allows applicants to self-identify as male or female or not declare this information. Employees are able to change their personal data to when they join, with transgender and non-binary options.

**Disability** People who consider themselves to have a disability/long term impairment.

**Sexual Orientation**  Sexual orientation is an enduring pattern of romantic or sexual attraction which may be to the opposite sex or gender, same sex or gender or to both sexes and more than one gender.

**LGB** Lesbian, gay and bisexual (LGB).

**White** People declaring themselves as White English, Welsh, Scottish, Northern Irish or British; Gypsy or Irish Traveller; Roma; Any other White background.

# **Headlines**

**Total Workforce**: The number of people employed by the Council increased from 777 on the 31 March 2023 to 803 on 31 March 2024. During 2023/24, employee turnover was 13.5% on average, higher than in the previous year when it was 9.8%. There were 135 new starters compared to the 98 in the previous year.

**Gender:** Over half of the workforce are women (60%) which is around 10% above that of the population of Oxford at 50.1%. This year, the proportion of women in senior roles has stayed the same at 49%.

**Ethnicity:** Data indicates an increase from 14.2% to 14.8% in the representation of employees from minority ethnic groups in the workforce. The current target is 15%. The proportion of people from minority ethnic groups applying for jobs has increased from 32% to 39.8%. The proportion appointed has increased to 18.5% from 14% last year. Ethnic minority representation in management roles has increased from 9% to 10% (21% managers have not declared their ethnicity). Census data puts the economically active population from ethnic minority groups at 27.7%.

**Disability:** 10.2% of the workforce declared a disability, a small decrease from last year at 10.4%. This compares well to the local population of 9.2%. Employees with a disability are well represented at lower grades and at senior grades representation has increased from 2% to 5% 2024.

**Age:** The average employee age of employees is 45, the same as last year and in line with the local population where, at 34% of the total population, the 35-49 age band of Oxford residents is the largest. The largest employee group is the 51-60 age band.

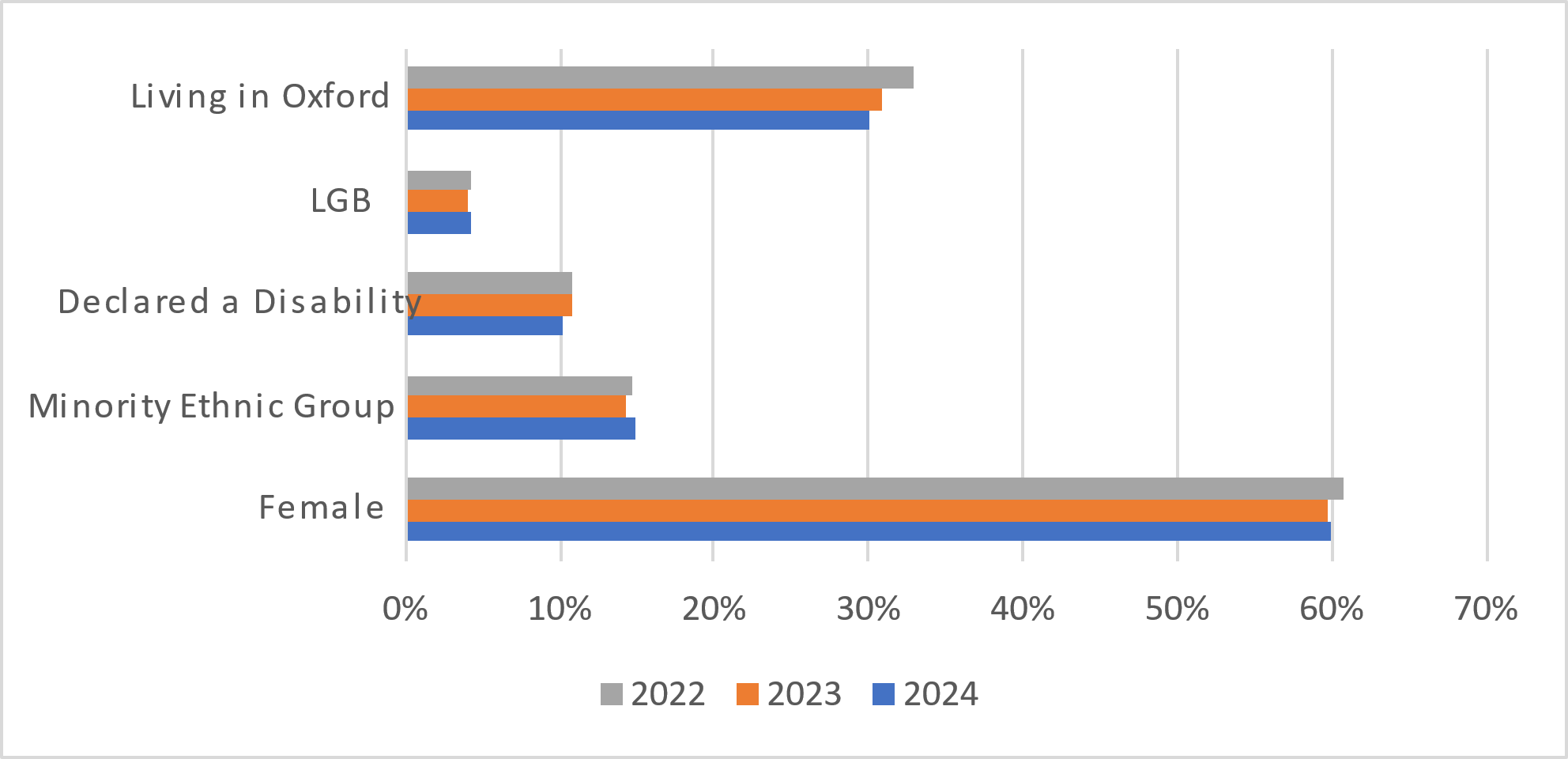
**Sexual Orientation:** 4.2% of the workforce identifies as bisexual, lesbian or gay. The 2021 census data indicates that 4.7% of economically-active residents in Oxford identify as bisexual, lesbian and gay. We have started to collect data on non-binary and trans staff but it is likely that individuals may feel reluctant to share this data before they learn about the organisation’s culture.

**Religious Belief and Non-Belief:** 34% of the workforce has declared as Christian compared with 41% in Oxford. 29.1% is atheist/humanist/no belief compared to 40% in Oxford and 28.2% of employees have not provided information. 4.4% of the workforce has chosen other, 2.1% is Muslim (Oxford 7.2%) and 0.5% Sikh (Oxford 0.4%).

**Staff living within Oxford:** the proportion of staff living in Oxford City is29.5% which is 1% less than the previous year.

**Oxford City Council Workforce Profile: Trends**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **2022** | **2023** | **2024** |
| **Total Workforce** | 754 | 777 | 803 |
| **New Starters** | 142 | 98 | 135 |
| **Leavers** | 107 | 75 | 122 |
| **Average Age of Total Workforce** | 44 | 45 | 45 |



|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Year** | **Female** | **Minority Ethnic Group** | **Declared a Disability** | **Living in Oxford** | **LGB** |
| 2024 | 60% | 14.8% | 10.2% | 30% | 4.2% |
| 2023 | 59.7% | 14.2% | 10.7% | 30.9% | 4.0% |
| 2022 | 60.7% | 14.6% | 10.7% | 33% | 4.2% |

# **Oxford City Council Workforce Profile: Analysis**

The Table below shows the proportion of males and females employed by Oxford City Council compared with economically active females in Oxford.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Gender** | **2022** | **2023** | **2024** |
| Female | 60.70% | 59.70% | 60% |
| Male | 39.30% | 40.30% | 40% |
| Female (Economically Active) | 47.50% | 48.20% | 48.20% |

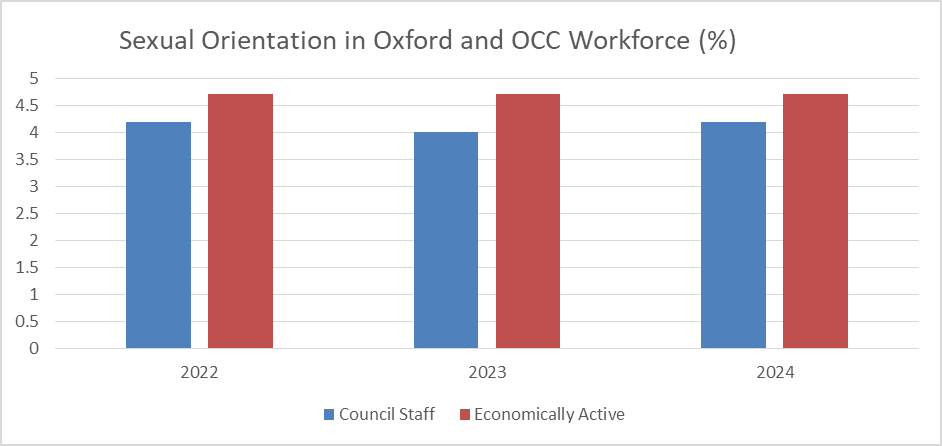
The table below shows the proportion of Oxford City Council employees declaring themselves to be from a minority ethnic group compared with the economically active population in Oxford declaring themselves to be from a minority ethnic group from the 2021 Census data.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Minority Ethnic Group** | **2022** | **2023** | **2024** |
| Council Staff | 14.6% | 14.2% | 14.8% |
| Economically Active | 18.7% | 27.7% | 27.7% |

The table below shows the proportion of Oxford City Council employees declaring a disability compared with the economically active population in Oxford declaring a disability.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Disability** | **2022** | **2023** | **2024** |
| Council Staff | 10.7% | 10.4% | 10.2% |
| Economically Active | 6.7% | 9.2% | 9.2% |

For sexual orientation, the table below shows the proportion of Oxford City Council employees declaring themselves as LGB compared with the economically active LGBTQ+ population in Oxford. Note, scale on graph expanded to fit data – difference is small as shown in the table below.



|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **LGBT** | **2022** | **2023** | **2024** |
| Council Staff | 4.2% | 4.0% | 4.2% |
| Economically Active | 4.7% | 4.7% | 4.7% |

The table below shows Oxford City Council’s workforce profile by religion/belief or non-belief.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Religion/Belief & Non Belief** | **2022** | **2023** | **2024** |
| Atheist/Humanist/no beliefs | 27.85% | 27.54% | 29.14% |
| Buddhist | 0.4% | 0.26% | 0.62% |
| Christian | 36.33% | 35.39% | 34.00% |
| Hindu | 1.59% | 1.03% | 1.00% |
| Jewish | 0.27% | 0.13% | 0.25% |
| Muslim | 2.52% | 1.93% | 2.12% |
| Other | 3.98% | 3.73% | 4.36% |
| Sikh | 0.4% | 0.39% | 0.50% |
| Unknown | 26.66% | 29.6% | 28.02% |

**The table below shows Oxford City Council’s workforce profile by age band**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Age Band** | **2022** | **2023** | **2024** |
| Under 21 | 0.93% | 0.77% | 0.87% |
| 21-30 | 13.79% | 12.87% | 13.57% |
| 31-40 | 25.86% | 24.84% | 23.41% |
| 41-50 | 23.74% | 25.48% | 25.90% |
| 51-60 | 26.66% | 28.19% | 26.77% |
| 61-70 | 8.89% | 7.85% | 9.34% |
| Over 70 | 0.13% | 0 | 0.12% |

**The table below shows Oxford City Council’s workforce profile by where they live.**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Location** | **2022** | **2023** | **2024** |
| In Oxford | 33.02 | 30.89 | 29.51 |
| Outside Oxford | 66.98 | 69.11 | 70.49 |

**The table below shows the proportion of Oxford City Council employees who have not declared information by each personal characteristic shown.**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Characteristic Not Declared** | **2022** | **2023** | **2024** |
| Ethnicity | 9.28% | 13.51% | 13.45% |
| Disability | 10.9% | 10.88% | 16.19% |
| Sexual Orientation | 24.8% | 26.96% | 26.40% |
| Religious Belief | 21.62% | 29.6% | 28.02% |

**Workforce Profile by Grade and Employment Type (full or part time)**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Female Full Time** | **Female Part Time** | **Female Total** | **Male Full Time** | **Male Part Time** | **Male Total** | **Grand Total** |
| Apprentice Rates | 4 |  | 4 | 3 |  | 3 | 7 |
| Grade 03 | 5 | 5 | 10 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 16 |
| Grade 04 | 11 | 17 | 28 | 12 | 5 | 17 | 45 |
| Grade 05 | 56 | 49 | 105 | 46 | 6 | 52 | 157 |
| Grade 06 | 56 | 24 | 80 | 48 | 4 | 52 | 132 |
| Grade 07 | 90 | 37 | 127 | 51 | 4 | 55 | 182 |
| Grade 08 | 38 | 12 | 50 | 61 | 10 | 71 | 121 |
| Grade 09 | 21 | 10 | 31 | 16 |  | 16 | 47 |
| Grade 10 | 12 | 8 | 20 | 21 |  | 21 | 41 |
| Grade 11 | 10 | 1 | 11 | 13 | 1 | 14 | 25 |
| Service Manager | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 |  | 2 | 5 |
| Business Lead | 5 | 1 | 6 | 6 |  | 6 | 12 |
| Service Head | 5 |  | 5 | 4 |  | 4 | 9 |
| Director | 1 |  | 1 | 2 |  | 2 | 3 |
| Chief Executive | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |
| **Grand Total** | **316** | **166** | **482** | **288** | **33** | **321** | **803** |

# **Workforce Profile Summary**

* The total workforce number has increased since March 2023 from 777 to 803. The proportion of women employed by Oxford City Council is 60% and compares favourably with Oxford demographic data of 48.2%.
* The proportion of the workforce that has not declared their sexual orientation and religion/ belief or non-belief has reduced since 2023. For ethnicity there is no change and for disability there is a significant increase of around 5% choosing not to provide this information. This impacts the overall integrity of the data.
* Minority ethnic groups represented 14.8% of the Council’s workforce on 31 March 2024, an increase of 0.6%. This is just below the Council’s target of 15% by 31 March 2023. The target remained at 15% for 2024 but is increasing. Based on the 2021 Census, the economically active minority ethnic population of Oxford is 27.7%.
* The proportion of economically active residents in Oxford who considered themselves to have a disability in the 2021 Census was 9.2%. The proportion of staff who consider themselves to have a disability remained steady for the previous two years at 10.7% and is now 10.2%. This greater than the proportion of economically active individuals in Oxford.
* The average age of the workforce is 45. There is little change year on year. Around 75% of the Council’s workforce is evenly split between the three-decade groups within the 30 to 60 age range. The population of Oxford has its largest group as the 35 to 49 years group.
* The number of staff who identify as lesbian, gay or bisexual has increased slightly to 4.2%. The proportion of economically active residents in Oxford who identified as lesbian, gay or bisexual in the 2021 Census was 4.7%.
* The proportion of employees who consider themselves to be atheist or have no religion has increased from 27.5% to 29.1%, which compares to 40% of the population in Oxford. The number of staff who consider themselves to be Christian has decreased marginally to 34%. The number not declaring their religion has decreased from 29.6% to 28%, however this is still high compared to the Oxford population where 7.3% of religious belief is unknown.
* The proportion of staff living outside the city centre has risen from 69.11% in 2023 to 70.49% in 2024. The increase is likely to be a result of home working and therefore enabling the Council to attract staff from a wider geographical area. This is also likely to be related to the fact that Oxford remains the most expensive place to live in the UK outside London. Also, the City Council is able to attract talent from across the country due to its ambitious agenda and reputation, flexible and remote working arrangements and employee benefits.
* The Council employs more women than men with women making up 60% of the workforce. Women are employed in bigger numbers in grades 5 to 7. In senior grades, apart from grade 9, women are under-represented compared with the overall representation at 60%. In senior roles there are 27 women and 28 men.
* Almost quarter of the Council’s workforce is part time – the majority working part time are women with only 33 men working less than full time hours. There is a fairly even spread of part time workers across all grades up to grade 10, but fewer in management roles at or above grade 11. Full time staff are able to work flexibly and this is generally appreciated as a good benefit.

# **Oxford City Council Management Profile**

For the purposes of this report, senior managers are defined as those in the following positions:

* Chief Executive
* Executive Directors
* Heads of Service
* Business Leads
* Service Managers
* Grade 11

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Characteristic as a %** | **2022** | **2023** | **2024** |
| Female | 50 | 49 | 48 |
| Minority Ethnic Group | 4 | 9 | 10 |
| Disabled | 4 | 2 | 5 |

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Information Not Declared as a %** | **2022** | **2023** | **2024** |
| Ethnicity | 22 | 26 | 21 |
| Disability | 26 | 32 | 24 |

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Working Pattern as a %** | **2022** | **2023** | **2024** |
| Full Time Female | 44 | 40 | 41 |
| Part Time Female | 6 | 9 | 7 |
| Full Time Male | 50 | 49 | 50 |
| Part Time Male | 0 | 2 | 2 |

# **Summary of Management Profile**

* Since the last report, the number of women in management roles has decreased by 1% to 48%. This is not reflective of the total representation of women in the Council, which is 60%.
* The proportion of the managers from minority ethnic groups has increased by 1% and is now 10%. It must be noted that a significant proportion of employees (21%) has not declared their ethnicity, so we do not have an accurate picture.
* There has been an increase in people in management roles declaring they have a disability from 2% last year to 5%. The number who have not declared personal data is 24%, a decrease from last year by 5%.
* The proportion of managers who are part time is 9% which is lower than last year. However, we do not have data on all flexible working patterns open to staff.

# **Attraction, Recruitment and On-Boarding**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Characteristic as a %** | **2021/22** | **2022/23** | **2023/24** |
| Female | 56.48 | 52.01 | 51.54 |
| Minority Ethnic Groups | 29.57 | 32.21 | 39.76 |
| Disabled | 3.66 | 5.23 | 5.63 |

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Characteristic as a %** | **2021/22** | **2022/23** | **2023/24** |
| Female | 69.01 | 53.06 | 57.04 |
| Minority Ethnic Groups | 21.13 | 14.29 | 18.52 |
| Disabled | 2.82 | 4.08 | 5.19 |

# **Summary of Attraction, Recruitment and On-Boarding**

* Over the reporting period, the total number of new starters joining Oxford City Council was 142 in 2021/22, 98 in 2022/23 and 135 in 2023/24. This is a significant increase and is reflective of an increase in employee turnover.
* The data shows that the proportion of female applicants has decreased by 1.5% but the proportion of female applicants appointed increased by 4%.
* There was an increase of over 7% for applicants from minority ethnic groups and 18.5% of new starters were from minority ethnic groups. This is a higher figure than the previous year at 14.29%. There will be a significant proportion of applicants who do not have the right to work in the UK which we cannot process any further and this group’s profile will be more diverse.
* There was a small increase in applicants declaring a disability and in new starters declaring a disability.
* Data covers recruitment activity captured for applications though the Council’s Human Resource Management Information System (HRMIS). A number of new starters will not have come through this route.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Characteristic as a %** | **2021/22** | **2022/23** | **2023/24** |
| Female | 57.9 | 59 | 54.92 |
| Minority Ethnic Groups | 14 | 16 | 15.57 |
| Disabled | 7.5 | 11 | 10.66 |

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Leaving Reason** | **2021/22/ %** | **2022/23/ %** | **2023/24/ %** |
| Resignation | 81 | 76 | 75 |
| Resignation - retirement | 5 | 9 | 11 |
| End of Fixed Term Contract | 9 | 12 | 8 |
| Failed Probation | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Mutually Agreed termination | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Dismissal - Discipline | 3 | 0 | 1 |
| Retirement - Ill Health | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Redundancy | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Died in Service | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Dismissal - Attendance | 0 | 0 | 0 |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Month | **Apr-23** | **May-23** | **Jun-23** | **Jul-23** | **Aug-23** | **Sep-23** | **Oct-23** | **Nov-23** | **Dec-23** | **Jan-24** | **Feb-24** | **Mar-24** | **Grand Total** |
| Number of Leavers | 11 | 5 | 12 | 10 | 10 | 11 | 17 | 7 | 10 | 12 | 4 | 13 | 122 |

# **Leavers’ summary**

* The average turnover at 31st March 2024 was 13.5%
* Overall, the proportion of female leavers decreased from 59 to 54.92%. The proportion of leavers from minority ethnic minority groups and those with a declared disability have not changed much in the last 12 months. The proportion of leavers from each of the three groups mentioned is broadly in line with their representation in the workforce.
* The number of leavers who voluntarily resigned has decreased slightly from 76% to 75% and the retirements have increased from 9 to 11% of leavers.
* The top 3 reasons for leaving are voluntary resignation, retirement and end of fixed term contract.

# **Priority Actions – 2024-2025**

The Council will continue work to improve the diversity of its workforce by building inclusive recruitment practices to improve the diversity of candidates and recruits This will include:

* Continued training for hiring managers on inclusive recruitment practices
* Online shortlisting and scoring carried out individually by panel members
* Blind application forms where personal data is hidden from the shortlisting panel
* Introduction of a positive action policy

We will support staff development to open up more opportunities and retain talent. This will include:

* A regular, short career planning programme
* Continued partnership with Activate learning to develop skills in local communities and develop more apprenticeship opportunities

We will continue to build inclusive leadership practices and culture. This will include:

* Building on the level 1 EDI training to design and deliver level 2 EDI training for hiring managers and Level 3 EDI training for strategic managers and leaders.
* Continued roll out of Bitesize Training for people managers to support inclusive management practices and personal development
* Set up of a network of mentors to deliver mentoring across the organisation for people developing in role or to support career development, making sure the mentors are from a diverse background
* Ongoing lunch and learn sessions to raises awareness and build inclusion and a sense of belonging for all groups
* Building the influence and strength of our Equalities Steering Group to better integrate Equality, Diversity, Inclusion and Belonging with policy, service design and operational delivery
* Designing a structured approach to staff networks to increase the number and establish a clear purpose and opportunities to influence

We will improve the understanding of our workforce and individual employee experiences. This will include:

* Improved collection of personal data in people processes
* Ongoing staff surveys and evaluation of results
* Working closely with Union colleagues and their equality and diversity leads
* Improving the understanding of our workforce and individual employee experiences.
* Raising awareness and understanding of the lives of transgender and gender non-conforming people and the issues they face

The full data tables are shown in the appendix.

# **Appendix 1**

Data Tables for job applicants, new starters and leavers for 2021/2022, 2022/2023 and 2023/2024

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Job applications in 2021/22** |  |  |
| Characteristic | Number | Percentage |
| Female | 571 | 56 |
| Male | 384 | 38 |
| Sex Not Declared | 56 | 6 |
| Minority Ethnic Groups | 299 | 30 |
| White | 624 | 61 |
| Ethnicity Not Declared | 88 | 9 |
| Not Disabled | 831 | 82 |
| Disabled | 37 | 4 |
| Disability Not Declared | 143 | 14 |
| Total Applications | 1011 | 100 |
|  |  |  |
| **Job applications in 2022/23** |  |  |
| Characteristic | Number | Percentage |
| Female | 557 | 52 |
| Male | 440 | 41 |
| Sex Not Declared | 74 | 7 |
| Minority Ethnic Groups | 345 | 32 |
| White | 625 | 59 |
| Ethnicity Not Declared | 101 | 9 |
| Not Disabled | 849 | 79 |
| Disabled | 56 | 5 |
| Disability Not Declared | 166 | 16 |
| Total Applications | 1071 | 100 |
|  |  |  |
| **Job applications in 2023/24** |  |  |
| Characteristic | Number | Percentage |
| Female | 1007 | 52 |
| Male | 816 | 42 |
| Sex Not Declared | 131 | 7 |
| Minority Ethnic Groups | 777 | 40 |
| White | 1004 | 51 |
| Ethnicity Not Declared | 173 | 9 |
| Not Disabled | 1558 | 80 |
| Disabled | 110 | 6 |
| Disability Not Declared | 286 | 15 |
| Total Applications | 1954 | 100 |
| **New Starters Data Tables 2021/22 to 2023/24** | | |
|  |  |  |
| **Starters in 2021/22** |  |  |
| Characteristic | Number | Percentage |
| Female | 98 | 69 |
| Male | 44 | 31 |
| Minority Ethnic Groups | 30 | 21 |
| White | 82 | 58 |
| Ethnicity Not Declared | 30 | 21 |
| Not Disabled | 104 | 73 |
| Disabled | 4 | 3 |
| Disability Not Declared | 34 | 24 |
| Total Starters | 142 | 100 |
|  |  |  |
| **Starters in 2022/23** |  |  |
| Characteristic | Number | Percentage |
| Female | 52 | 53 |
| Male | 46 | 47 |
| Minority Ethnic Groups | 14 | 14 |
| White | 41 | 42 |
| Ethnicity Not Declared | 43 | 44 |
| Not Disabled | 45 | 46 |
| Disabled | 4 | 4 |
| Disability Not Declared | 49 | 50 |
| Total Starters | 98 | 100 |
|  |  |  |
| **Starters in 2023/24** |  |  |
| Characteristic | Number | Percentage |
| Female | 77 | 57 |
| Male | 58 | 43 |
| Minority Ethnic Groups | 25 | 19 |
| White | 76 | 56 |
| Ethnicity Not Declared | 34 | 25 |
| Not Disabled | 85 | 63 |
| Disabled | 7 | 5 |
| Disability Not Declared | 43 | 32 |
| Total Starters | 135 | 100 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| **Leavers in 2021/22** |  |  |
| Characteristic | Number | Percentage |
| Female | 80 | 58 |
| Male | 45 | 42 |
| Minority Ethnic Groups | 15 | 14 |
| White | 68 | 64 |
| Ethnicity Not Declared | 24 | 22 |
| Not Disabled | 72 | 67 |
| Disabled | 8 | 8 |
| Disability Not Declared | 27 | 25 |
| Total Leavers | 107 | 100 |
|  |  |  |
| **Leavers in 2022/23** |  |  |
| Characteristic | Number | Percentage |
| Female | 44 | 59 |
| Male | 31 | 41 |
| Minority Ethnic Groups | 12 | 16 |
| White | 55 | 73 |
| Ethnicity Not Declared | 8 | 11 |
| Not Disabled | 55 | 73 |
| Disabled | 8 | 11 |
| Disability Not Declared | 12 | 16 |
| Total Leavers | 75 | 100 |
|  |  |  |
| **Leavers in 2023/24** |  |  |
| Characteristic | Number | Percentage |
| Female | 67 | 55 |
| Male | 55 | 45 |
| Minority Ethnic Groups | 19 | 16 |
| White | 78 | 64 |
| Ethnicity Not Declared | 25 | 20 |
| Not Disabled | 75 | 61 |
| Disabled | 13 | 11 |
| Disability Not Declared | 34 | 28 |
| Total Leavers | 122 | 100 |